§ 182.70

Acetoin (acetyl methylcarbinol). Anethole (parapropenyl anisole). Benzaldehyde (benzoic aldehyde). N-Butyric acid (butanoic acid). d- or l-Carvone (carvol).

Cinnamaldehyde (cinnamic aldehyde).

Citral (2,6-dimethyloctadien-2,6-al-8,

Decanal (N-decylaldehyde, capraldehyde, capric aldehyde, caprinaldehyde, aldehyde C-10).

Ethyl acetate.

Ethyl butyrate.

3-Methyl-3-phenyl glycidic acid ethyl ester (ethyl-methyl-phenyl-glycidate, so-called strawberry aldehyde, C-16 aldehyde).

Ethyl vanillin.

Geraniol (3,7-dimethyl-2,6 and 3,6-octadien-1ol).

Geranyl acetate (geraniol acetate).

Limonene (d-, l-, and dl-).

Linalool (linalol, 3,7-dimethyl-1,6-octadien-3ol).

Linalyl acetate (bergamol).

Methyl anthranilate (methyl-2aminobenzoate).

Piperonal (3,4-methylenedioxy-benzaldehyde, heliotropin).

Vanillin.

[42 FR 14640, Mar. 15, 1977, as amended at 43 FR 47724, Oct. 17, 1978; 44 FR 3963, Jan. 19, 1979; 44 FR 20656, Apr. 6, 1979; 48 FR 51907, Nov. 15, 1983; 54 FR 7402, Feb. 21, 1989]

§ 182.70 Substances migrating from cotton and cotton fabrics used in dry food packaging.

Substances migrating to food from cotton and cotton fabrics used in dry food packaging that are generally recognized as safe for their intended use, within the meaning of section 409 of the Act, are as follows:

Beef tallow.

Carboxymethylcellulose.

Coconut oil, refined.

Cornstarch.

Gelatin.

Lard.

Lard oil.

Oleic acid. Peanut oil.

Potato starch.

Sodium acetate.

Sodium chloride.

Sodium silicate.

Sodium tripolyphosphate. Soybean oil (hydrogenated).

Talc

Tallow (hydrogenated).

Tallow flakes.

Tapioca starch.

 $Tetrasodium\ pyrophosphate.$

Wheat starch.

Zinc chloride.

[42 FR 14640, Mar. 15, 1977, as amended at 43 FR 11698, Mar. 21, 1978; 44 FR 28323, May 15, 1979; 45 FR 6085, Jan. 25, 1980; 47 FR 27807, 27814, June 25, 1982; 48 FR 51150, Nov. 7, 1983; 48 FR 51616, Nov. 10, 1983; 48 FR 51909, Nov. 15, 1983; 48 FR 52441, 52443, 52445, 52446, Nov. 18, 1983; 51 FR 16830, May 7, 1986; 51 FR 27171, July 30, 1986; 60 FR 62208, Dec. 5, 1995]

§182.90 Substances migrating to food from paper and paperboard products.

Substances migrating to food from paper and paperboard products used in food packaging that are generally recognized as safe for their intended use, within the meaning of section 409 of the Act, are as follows:

Alum (double sulfate of aluminum and ammonium potassium, or sodium).

Aluminum hydroxide.

Aluminum oleate. Aluminum palmitate.

Casein.

Cellulose acetate

Cornstarch.

Diatomaceous earth filler.

Ethyl cellulose.

Ethyl vanillin. Glycerin.

Oleic acid.

Potassium sorbate.

Silicon dioxides.

Sodium aluminate. Sodium chloride.

Sodium hexametaphosphate.

Sodium hydrosulfite. Sodium phosphoaluminate.

Sodium silicate.

Sodium sorbate

Sodium tripolyphosphate.

Sorbitol.

Soy protein, isolated.

Starch, acid modified.

Starch, pregelatinized. Starch, unmodified.

Talc.

Vanillin.

Zinc hydrosulfite.

Zinc sulfate.

[42 FR 14640, Mar. 15, 1977]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For additional FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §182.90, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and on GPO Access.

§ 182.99 Adjuvants for pesticide chemicals.

Adjuvants, identified and used in accordance with 40 CFR 180.1001 (c) and

Food and Drug Administration, HHS

(d), which are added to pesticide use dilutions by a grower or applicator prior to application to the raw agricultural commodity, are exempt from the requirement of tolerances under section 409 of the Act.

Subpart B—Multiple Purpose GRAS Food Substances

§182.1045 Glutamic acid.

- (a) Product. Glutamic acid.
- (b) [Reserved]
- (c) Limitations, restrictions, or explanation. This substance is generally recognized as safe when used as a salt substitute in accordance with good manufacturing practice.

§ 182.1047 Glutamic acid hydrochloride.

- (a) *Product.* Glutamic acid hydrochloride.
 - (b) [Reserved]
- (c) Limitations, restrictions, or explanation. This substance is generally recognized as safe when used as a salt substitute in accordance with good manufacturing practice.

§ 182.1057 Hydrochloric acid.

- (a) Product. Hydrochloric acid.
- (b) [Reserved]
- (c) Limitations, restrictions, or explanation. This substance is generally recognized as safe when used as a buffer and neutralizing agent in accordance with good manufacturing practice.

§ 182.1073 Phosphoric acid.

- (a) Product. Phosphoric acid.
- (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing practice.

§ 182.1087 Sodium acid pyrophosphate.

- (a) *Product.* Sodium acid pyrophosphate.
- (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing practice.

§ 182.1125 Aluminum sulfate.

- (a) Product. Aluminum sulfate.
- (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when

used in accordance with good manufacturing practice.

§ 182,1127 Aluminum ammonium sulfate.

- (a) ${\it Product.}$ Aluminum ammonium sulfate.
- (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing practice.

§ 182.1129 Aluminum potassium sulfate.

- (a) *Product.* Aluminum potassium sulfate.
- (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing practice.

§ 182.1131 Aluminum sodium sulfate.

- (a) ${\it Product.}$ Aluminum sodium sulfate.
- (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing practice.

§ 182.1180 Caffeine.

- (a) Product. Caffeine.
- (b) Tolerance. 0.02 percent.
- (c) Limitations, restrictions, or explanation. This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in cola-type beverages in accordance with good manufacturing practice.

§182.1217 Calcium phosphate.

- (a) *Product.* Calcium phosphate (mono-, di-, and tribasic).
- (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing practice.

§ 182.1235 Caramel.

- (a) Product. Caramel.
- (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing practice.

§182.1320 Glycerin.

- (a) Product. Glycerin.
- (b) *Conditions of use.* This substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing practice.